

## Statistics 860 hw2

### 1 Positive Definite Matrices

By Lecture 6: Show that the tensor (Kronecker) product of two positive definite matrices is positive definite. Show that the Schur product of two positive definite matrices is positive definite.

$$\text{Let } A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \cdots & a_{nn} \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & \cdots & b_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ b_{k1} & \cdots & b_{kk} \end{pmatrix}$$

Kronecker Product (tensor product) of  $A$  and  $B$ :  
(The Kronecker Product is a matrix of size  $nk \times nk$ )

$$A \otimes B = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11}B & \cdots & a_{1n}B \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1}B & \cdots & a_{nn}B \end{pmatrix}$$

Schur product of  $A$  and  $B$ : ( $A$  and  $B$  must have the same dimensions)

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11}b_{11} & \cdots & a_{1k}b_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{k1}b_{k1} & \cdots & a_{kk}b_{kk} \end{pmatrix}$$